

Environmental Management Plan

Local Road

Rehabilitation works at Tekhura river bank on eroded sections of Nokalakevi-Ledzadzame-Didi Chkoni road km 12+800 - 13+120 and km 15+480 - 15+640

Tbilisi, Georgia May 2013



PART 1: GENERAL PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION

	Georgia					
Project title	Rehabilitation works at Tekh road km 12+800 - 13+120 an		ons of Nokalakevi-Ledz	adzame-Didi Chkoni		
Scope of project and activity	Significant erosion of Nokalakevi-Ledzadzame-Didi Chkoni road km 12+800 - 13+120 and kr 15+480 - 15+640 Sections along river "Tekhura" made the bank protection works nesessary Foot protection work is planned in order to protect the revetment / retaining structure foundatio from local riverbed scouring and/or the degradation of riverbed. Method of works that allows to minimize an impact on river "Tekhura" has been selected fror two alternative methods. in particular: the river natural flow direction will be kept unchanged, a works will be carried out from the roadside. The following types of foot protection measures are used generally: Concrete blocks (different form and placing style - order / disorder); Gabion (Reno mattress, gabion sags); Riprap / Boulder;					
	Wooden Stockar	•				
	Current geodynamic proce geodynamic process chara Road embankment failure at km15+480-km15+640 ro	acter. (Riverbank wash-outs) are	e developed at km12+	800 - km13+120 ar		
	Upper Erosive Area - #1 (km 15+480 - km 15+640)					
	The site is located on the active side erosion, inten areas of slopes located a processes are developed of Big part of motor road exis cover; 8-10m high erosive	sive bank caving, resulted bove river water surface to on the slope. ting adjacent to the river be	d of which damage ar ake place . Rock fall	nd downfall of stab type crawl landslid		
	Lower Erosive Area #2 (km 12+800 - km 13+120) Second - erosive site is located at West periphery of the village Nakhurtsilavo, on the right bank of the river Tekhuri, where the river makes intensive and active side erosion, intensive bank caving, resulted of which damage and downfall of stable areas of river slopes take place. Rock fall type frontal crawl landslide processes (downfall) are developed on the slopes. Resulted by erosive processes (side erosion) 6-8m erosive precipice was created; at some places it is 8-10m high. At the precipice brow, adjacent to motor road, all along it, discontinuing open fractures are observed. The mentioned site is very strained according to dangerous geodynamic process					
Institutional	observations. WB	Project Management	Local Counterpar	t and/or Recipient		
arrangements (Name and contacts)	(Project Team Leader) Joseph Melitauri	Giorgi Tsereteli RDMRDI	Senaki and Mart	vili Municipalities		
Implementation arrangements	Safeguard Supervision WB	Local Counterpart Supervision	Local Inspectorate Supervision	Contractor JSC Arqeopolisi		
(Name and contacts)	Darejan Kapanadze	Technical Supervisor Technical Supervisor	-			
TE DECOPIONAL		RRMSD Ltd.				
TE DESCRIPTION Name of site	Nokalakevi-Ledzadzame-Did	li Chkoni sections km 12+800) - 13+120 and km 15+4	180 – 15+640 Senaki		



Describe site location	Nokalakevi-Ledzadzame-Didi Chkoni road is located in west Georgia. The road passes through Samegrelo region and runs along river "Tekhura". Rehabilitation sections are located in Senaki and Martvili regions close to village "Nakhurtsilao" on the right bank of river "Tekhura"	Attachment 1: Consultation meeting minutes Attachment 2: Waste disposal permit Attachment 3: Quarry License					
Who owns the land?	Senaki and Martvili Municipalities						
Description of geographic, physical, biological, geological, hydrographic and socio-economic context	project site at 125 meters of altitude with many side stream-branches from the Caucasus high mountains. With so big difference in height at speed of up to 3 m/sec, river severely damages its embankments which mainly are presented with the new and old alluvial and deposit. The destroying results of the river are visible at many locations along the river stream. Road embankment failure (Riverbank wash-outs) are developed at km12+800 - km13+120 and at						
	km15+480-km15+640 road sections of the "Noqalakevi - Didi Chkoni Road".						
	<u>Air</u> - Air quality in the project area is good due to low traff facilities.	ic levels and the absence of industrial					
	Water and Soil - No pollution is reported.						
	<u>Flora</u> : the rehabilitation works will be carried out within existing road and river bank without alteration of the existing elements. Vegetation is sparse along the road and the river bank with rare occurrence of bushes and small trees that are not part of riparian forests. No protected species have been observed in the vicinity of the road.						
	<u>Fauna:</u> Impacts upon fauna will remain unchanged during construction since works will be confined to the existing road and the river bank.						
	Noise - The current noise level is low due to low traffic level. The project will have modest impact on the village populat movement only of those people who reside immediately also to the rehabilitation phase.	ion, as construction works will constraint					
Locations and distance for material sourcing, especially aggregates, water, stones?	inert material will be extracted from the borrow pit located near Senaki district, village Dzveli Senaki in the riverbed of river Tekhura.						
LEGISLATION							
Identify national & local legislation & permits that apply to project activity	The project triggers World Bank OP/BP 4.01 - Environment principles, has been classified as environmental Category Frequirements of OP/BP 4.01. Georgian legislation does not require any type of environment project. Though according to the national regulatory system (i) works contractor must be licensed, (ii) construction materials must be obtained from lic (iii) if contractor wishes to open quarries or extract these materials from other providers), then the contract of the contractor wishes to operate own asphalt or compared to the contractor wishes to operate own asphalt or contractor	a. The present EMP has been prepared to meet mental review, approval, or permitting for the mental review, approval, or permitting for the mental review, approval, or permitting for the mental from river bed (rather than purchasing ontractor must obtain licenses for extraction, oncrete plant (rather than purchasing these ctor must obtain an environmental permit with s in emissions. or permanent placement of access inert					
PUBLIC CONSULTAT		17 18 18 18 19 19					
Identify when / where the public consultation process took place	Environmental Management Framework for the Secondary through the RDMRDI web page and a stakeholder consultar present site-specific EMP will be disclosed through the san the municipalities of Senaki and Martvili. The present site-communities was held on 10 August 2012. The minutes of web-site.	ation meeting was held on03/02/2012. The ne media and also delivered in hard copies to specific EMP consultation meeting with local					
INSTITUTIONAL CAL	A CHAY DITH DING						

INSTITUTIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING



Will there be any capacity building?



PART 2: SAFEGUARDS SCREENING AND TRIGGERS

ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIAL SCREENING FOR SAFEGUARDS TRIGGERS					
	Activity/Issue	Status	Triggered Actions		
	A. Roads rehabilitation	[] Yes [x] No	If "Yes", see Section A below		
	B. New construction of small traffic infrastructure	[x] Yes [] No	If "Yes", see Section A below		
Will the site	C. Impacts on surface drainage system	[x] Yes [] No	If "Yes", see Section B below		
activity include/involve	D. Historic building(s) and districts	[] Yes [x] No	If "Yes", see Section C below		
any of the	E. Acquisition of land ¹	[] Yes [x] No	If "Yes", see Section D below		
following??	F. Hazardous or toxic materials ²	[] Yes [x] No	If "Yes", see Section E below		
	G. Impacts on forests and/or protected areas	[] Yes [x] No	If "Yes", see Section F below		
	H. Risk of unexploded ordinance (UXO)	[] Yes [x] No	If "Yes", see Section G below		
	I. Traffic and Pedestrian Safety	[x] Yes [] No	If "Yes", see Section H below		

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PART 3: MITIGATION MEASURES

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
0. General Conditions	Notification and Worker Safety	 (a) The local construction and environment inspectorates and communities have been notified of upcoming activities (b) The public has been notified of the works through appropriate notification in the media and/or at publicly accessible sites (including the site of the works) (c) All legally required permits have been acquired for construction and/or rehabilitation (d) The Contractor formally agrees that all work will be carried out in a safe and disciplined manner designed to minimize impacts on neighboring residents and environment. (e) Workers' PPE will comply with international good practice (always hardhats, as needed masks and safety glasses, harnesses and safety boots) (f) Appropriate signposting of the sites will inform workers of key rules and regulations to follow.
A. General Rehabilitation and /or Construction Activities	Air Quality	 (a) During excavation works dust control measures shall be employed, e.g. by spraying and moistening the ground (b) Demolition debris, excavated soil and aggregates shall be kept in controlled area and sprayed with water mist to reduce debris dust (c) During pneumatic drilling or breaking of pavement and foundations dust shall be suppressed by ongoing water spraying and/or installing dust screen enclosures at site (d) The surrounding environment (side walks, roads) shall be kept free of soil and debris to minimize dust (e) There will be no open burning of construction / waste material at the site (f) All machinery will be well maintained and serviced and there will be no excessive idling of construction vehicles at sites
	Noise	 (a) Construction noise will be limited to restricted times agreed to in the permit (b) During operations the engine covers of generators, air compressors and other powered mechanical equipment shall be closed, and equipment placed as far away from residential areas as possible
	Water Quality	 (a) The site will establish appropriate erosion and sediment control measures such as e.g. hay bales and / or silt fences to prevent sediment from moving off site and causing excessive turbidity in canalization and nearby streams and rivers (b) The equipment will be clean and inspection will be done on daily basis to ensure no oil/fuel leakage take place. Any damage to equipment will be promptly maintained.
	Waste management	 (a) Waste collection and disposal pathways and sites will be identified for all major waste types expected from excavation, demolition and construction activities. (b) Mineral construction and demolition wastes will be separated from general refuse, organic, liquid and chemical wastes by on-site sorting and stored in appropriate containers. (c) Construction waste will be collected and disposed properly into formally agreed upon locations. (d) Whenever feasible Contractor will reuse and recycle appropriate and viable materials (except when containing asbestos)
B . Impacts on surface drainage system	Water Quality	 (a) There will be no unregulated extraction of groundwater, nor uncontrolled discharge of process waters, cement slurries, or any other contaminated waters into the ground or adjacent streams or rivers. (b) There will be proper storm water drainage systems installed and care taken not to silt, pollute, block or otherwise negatively impact natural streams, rivers, ponds and lakes by construction activities. (c) There will be procedures for prevention of and response to accidental spills of fuels, lubricants and other toxic or noxious substances. (d) Construction vehicles and machinery will be washed only in designated areas where runoff will not pollute natural surface water bodies.



ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
C. Historic building(s)	Cultural Heritage	(a) If construction works take place close to a designated historic structure, or are located in a designated historic district, notification shall be made and approvals/permits be obtained from local authorities and all construction activities planned and carried out in line with local and national legislation.(b) It shall be ensured that provisions are put in place so that artifacts or other possible "chance finds" encountered in excavation or construction are noted and registered, responsible officials contacted, and works activities delayed or modified to account for such finds.
D . Acquisition of land	Land Acquisition Plan/Framework	 (c) If expropriation of land was not expected but is required, or if loss of access to income of legal or illegal users of land was not expected but may occur, that the Bank's Task Team Leader shall be immediately consulted. (d) The approved Land Acquisition Plan/Framework (if required by the project) will be implemented
E. Toxic materials	Asbestos management	 (a) If asbestos is located on the project site, it shall be marked clearly as hazardous material (b) When possible the asbestos will be appropriately contained and sealed to minimize exposure (c) The asbestos prior to removal (if removal is necessary) will be treated with a wetting agent to minimize asbestos dust (d) Asbestos will be handled and disposed by skilled & experienced professionals (e) If asbestos material is stored temporarily, the wastes should be securely enclosed inside closed containments and marked appropriately. Security measures will be taken against unauthorized removal from the site. (f) The removed asbestos will not be reused
	Toxic / hazardous waste management	 (a) Temporarily storage on site of all hazardous or toxic substances will be in safe containers labeled with details of composition, properties and handling information (b) The containers of hazardous substances shall be placed in an leak-proof container to prevent spillage (c) The wastes shall be transported by specially licensed carriers and disposed in a licensed facility. (d) Paints with toxic ingredients or solvents or lead-based paints will not be used
F. Affected forests, wetlands and/or protected areas	Ecosystem protection	 (a) All recognized natural habitats, wetlands and protected areas in the immediate vicinity of the activity will not be damaged or exploited, all staff will be strictly prohibited from hunting, foraging, logging or other damaging activities. (b) A survey and an inventory shall be made of large trees in the vicinity of the construction activity, large trees shall be marked and cordoned off with fencing, their root system protected, and any damage to the trees avoided (c) Adjacent wetlands and streams shall be protected from construction site run-off with appropriate erosion and sediment control feature to include by not limited to hay bales and silt fences (d) There will be no unlicensed borrow pits, quarries or waste dumps in adjacent areas, especially not in protected areas.
G . Risk of unexploded ordinance (UXO)	Hazard to human health and safety	(a) Before start of any excavation works the Contractor will verify that the construction area has been checked and cleared regarding UXO by the appropriate authorities
H Traffic and pedestrian safety	Direct or indirect hazards to public traffic and pedestrians by construction activities	 (b) In compliance with national regulations the Contractor will insure that the construction site is properly secured and construction related traffic regulated. This includes but is not limited to Signposting, warning signs, barriers and traffic diversions: site will be clearly visible and the public warned of all potential hazards Traffic management system and staff training, especially for site access and near-site heavy traffic. Provision of safe passages and crossings for pedestrians where construction traffic interferes. Adjustment of working hours to local traffic patterns, e.g. avoiding major transport activities during rush hours or times of livestock movement If required, active traffic management by trained and visible staff at the site for safe passage for the public Ensuring safe and continuous access to all adjacent office facilities, shops and residences during construction



PART 4: MONITORING PLAN

Construction Phase

Activity	What (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuous?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)
Supply of construction materials	Purchase of the construction materials from licensed providers	Offices and warehouses of material suppliers, and borrowing sites	Checking documents; Inspection of material quality	In the process of signing the agreements for material provision	Ensure technical quality of construction; Protect human health and environment	Roads Department (RD)
Transportation of construction materials and waste Movement of construction equipment	Technical condition of construction vehicles and machinery; Adequacy of the loading trucks for transported types of cargo, and canopy coverage of cargo transported in open trucks; Movement of construction vehicles and machinery along pre-defined routes.	Routes for transportation of construction materials and construction wastes	Inspection of roads adjacent to the construction site and included in the agreed-upon routes of transportation	Unannounced checks during the working hours	Avoid air and road pollution eith dust and solid matter; Reduce traffic disruption	RD; Traffic Police
Operation of Construction machinery on site	Proper technical condition of construction machinery: • no excessive exhaust, • no fuel leakage, • no passing or parking of construction machinery within the waterway • respect of working hours	Construction site	Inspection	Within and off working hours	Reduce air, soil and water pollution caused by equipment operation; Reduce noise and dust nuisance to local population	RD



Servicing of	Washing vehicles and	Construction site and	Inspection	Entire period of	Avoid land and water	RD
construction	machinery off-site of in the	construction base (if		machinery operation	pollution with oil	
machinery	location sufficiently distant	applicable)			products due to servicing	
·	from water bodies;				of vehicles and	
					machinery;	
	Servicing vehicles and				-	
	machinery with oils and				Be ready for fire	
	lubricants off-site or in an				emergency action to	
	especially arranged location				promptly localize fire	
	on-site;				source and minimize	
					material damage	
	technical adequacy of the					
	servicing location:					
	 solid, insulating floor or 					
	adsorbent layer (sand,					
	gravel, membrane),					
	 containment barriers 					
	allowing enough sapce					
	for holding fuel over the					
	maximum amount					
	expected on the location					
	at a time,					
	 emergency fire-fighting 					
	kit,					
	 sedimentation pool at 					
	car wash area.					



Extraction of inert	Purchase of inert material	Borrow areas	Checking	The period of material	Reduce slone erosion and	RD
Extraction of inert material	Purchase of inert material from the existing providers if possible; Obtaining license for extraction of material by the Contractor and strict adherence to the terms of such license; Terrace processing of the borrow pits, backfilling of excess material, and harmonization with landscape; River bed gravel extraction away from water flow, arrangement of gravel barriers for isolating extraction area from water flow, prevention of water flow entry by vehicles and machinery; Demarcation of borrow areas with warning signs	Borrow areas	Checking documents Inspection of activities	The period of material extraction	Reduce slope erosion and damage to the ecosystem and landscape; Reduce river bank erosion, water pollution with suspended particles, and impact on the aquatic life; Protection of animals and people from accidents	Agency of Natural Resources
Generation of construction waste	Temporary storage of inert and hazardous wastes separately at the designated locations; Timely disposal of waste to the formally designated landfills; Hand-over of hazardous wastes to licensed deactivating and processing companies.	Construction site and base (if applicable); Locations designated for waste disposal	Checking documents; Visual observation	Entire period of construction	Avoid pollution of the environment	RD; Local Municipality



Accumulation of household waste	Provision of waste containers on-site; Agreement with local municipality for regular out-transporting of waste	Construction site and base (if applicable)	Visual inspection	Entire period of construction	Avoid pollution of soil and water with household waste	RD; Local Municipality
Generation of liquid waste	Arrangement and operation of toilets compliant with sanitary norms on-site; Arrangement of drainage system for storm water collection and periodic cleaning of the system from silt; Arrangement of sedimentation pool for waste water collection on-site	Construction site and base (if applicable)	Visual inspection	Entire period of construction Increased frequency of inspection in periods of high precipitation	Avoid flooding of construction site and base; Reduce pollution of surface and ground water	RD
Operation of asphalt-concrete plant	Obtaining permit for impacting environment by Contractor and strict adherence to its terms; Placement of plant in the location permissive for minimal disturbance of local population; Arranging sedimentation pool for capturing of liquid discharges from plant	Construction site and base (if applicable)	Checking documents Inspection	Before establishment of plant and during entire period of its operation	Reduce inconvenience for local population due to plant operation; Reduce air and surface water pollution from emissions and discharges from plant	RD; Environment Protection Agency
Safety of labor	- provision of Special Clothes and protective means for the contractors - Consistency with the rules of exploitation of the construction equipment and usage of private safety means	Construction site	Inspection of the activities	the whole construction period	reduce the probability of accidents	RD



Operation Phase

Activity	What (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	Where (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	How (Is the parameter to be monitored?)	When (Define the frequency / or continuous?)	Why (Is the parameter being monitored?)	Who (Is responsible for monitoring?)
Cleaning road surface and shoulders from waste	Trash deposited from moving vehicles timely colleacted and removed; Bodies of animals overrun by vehicles timely collected and removed	Carriageway and shoulders of the road section	Inspection	Quarterly	Prevent road littering; Road safety	Local municipality
Keeping road drainage system operational	Periodic cleaning of drainageditches from silt and trash	Drainage system long the road section	Inspection	Quarterly	Maintaining drainage system capacity for preventing road flooding and water damage	Local municipality
Confinement of accidental spills and clean-up	Timely confinement, deactivation, and removal of liquid or powder spills of cargo in case of road accidents	On the road and its immediate surroundings	Inspection	Upon occurenace of accidents, as required	Prevent pollution of soil and water	Traffic Police; Local municipality
Disposal of waste from regular road maintenance works	Collection and timely disposal of waste from maintenance works to the designated landfill	On the road and its immediate surroundings	Inspection	Towards completion of scheduled maintenance works	Prevent enviornment pollution	Local municipality



Attachment 1: Consultation meeting minutes

Ministry of Regional Development and Infrastructure of Georgia Roads Department of Georgia

Minutes

of Public Consultation Meeting at Tamakoni on Environmental Management Plan for Rehabilitation works of Nokalakevi-Ledzadzame-Didi Chkoni Road

Public consultation on Environmental Management Plan for the Rehabilitation works at Tekhura river bank on eroded sections of Nokalakevi-Ledzadzame-Didi Chkoni road km 12+800 - 13+120 and km 15+480 - 15+640 was held on 10 august 2012 at Tamakoni Municipality. The goal of the public discussion was to inform the local communities about the purpose of the upcoming works, their timeline; temporary inconvenience expected from the construction works; and planned measures for mitigating the negative environmental impact.

Local stakeholders had possibility to ask questions and express their opinion during the public discussion, so that their comments could have been considered in the final version of the Environmental Management Plan.

Representatives of the Roads Department of Georgia included Otar Khatiashvili and Luiza Bubashvili

The public meeting was attended by the population of villages Salkhino and Tamakoni (see attachment).



Mr. Otar Khatiashvili and Luisa Bubashvili informed attendees about the Environmental Management Plan of rehabilitation works under Secondary and Local Roads project.

Mr. Otar Khatiashvili opened the meeting and informed attendees about the roads construction on the territory of municipality, also was discussed the meaning of Secondary and Local Roads rehabilitation project for Georgian economic development.

Mrs. Luisa Bubashvili made a presentation of Environmental Management Plan. She covered the scope of planned works, their possible impact on the natural environment and human health. Also was overviewed mitigation measures proposed to reduce negative environmental impacts of the project in the construction and operation phases.

Guram Vakhtangashvili

Deputy Chairman, Roads Departments of Georgia (signed and sealed)

Staff of the Roads Department of Georgia:

Otar Khatiashvili (signed)

Luiza Bubashvili (signed)



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